REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Consideration is respectfully requested of the Official Action of March 6, 2003 relating to

the above-identified application.

A petition for a two-month extension of time together with the associated fee is filed

herewith.

The new claims presented herewith particularly point out and distinctly claim applicants'

contribution to the art.

The rejection of the previous claims under 35 U.S.C. § 102 and 103 is now moot in view

of the presentation of new claims. However, applicants will address the issues with respect to

§ 102 and § 103 in view of the applicants' older patent, US 5,496,439. Applicants' earlier patent

describes a method for the recovery of cellulostic fibers from waste paper. The samples were

subjected to one or more liquid impregnation cycles by immersing the sample in liquid under

varying degrees of vacuum pressure environment followed by reapplication of atmospheric

pressure. See col. 2, lines 2-45. The goal in applicants' earlier patent involved maximum

penetration by the treating liquid; for example, water, without so great a vacuum as to

irreversibly dry the paper fibers. Then, to ensure maximum penetration, evacuation of air was

required of the air that was trapped in the interior of the waste material. See col. 3, lines 32-36.

The cycle of the basic aspects of the earlier patent is shown in col. 6, beginning at line 31. Note

that there is an emphasis on evacuation or using a vacuum system as the first step of the prior

patent method.

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Reply to Office Action of March 6, 2003

Applicants' present invention emphasizes confining the waste material in a closed

chamber where the waste material contains air and then carrying out a sequence of a first step of

adding the additional beneficially treating fluid to the closed chamber to compress the air

contained in the waste paper (instead of evacuating air as set forth in applicants' earlier patent)

so that the air in the waste paper occupies less space. The space in the waste paper that is

vacated by the air is then filled with additional beneficially treating fluid. The second step of the

cycle involves withdrawing the beneficially treated fluid contained in the chamber utilizing the

air compressed in the waste paper to expel or push out the beneficially treating fluid out from

and through the waste paper. This is the distinction in the present invention over the earlier

patent of applicants and applicants respectfully submit this is a patentable advance in the art

neither described nor suggested by the earlier Carlson, et al. patent.

In view of the foregoing amendments, favorable action at the Examiner's earliest

convenience is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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